RE

### STATE, LOCAL and DISTRICT SALES and USE TAX RETURN

DUE ON OR BEFORE	OCTOBER 31, 2002 <b>FOR</b> JULY THROUGH	SEPTEMBER 2002	
[ FOID	]	YOUR ACCOUNT NO.	

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION TAX AMNESTY PROGRAM PO BOX 942879 SACRAMENTO CA 94279-0095

OF EQUALIZATION								
<b>BOARD USE ONLY</b>								
RA-TT	LOC	REG						
RA-BTR	AACS	REF						
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	KEA	D SCHEDOLE 1 - TAX ADJUSTIMENT WORKSHEET AND UZ-T RETURN INSTRUCTIONS I	SEFORE PREPARII	IO ITIIS KETUKIN	
	1.	TOTAL (gross) SALES	1.	\$ .00	
	2.	PURCHASES SUBJECT TO USE TAX	2.	.00	
	3.	TOTAL (add lines 1 and 2)	3.	.00	
		PLEASE COMPLETE LINES 4 THRU 10(f) ON THE <b>BACK F</b>	PAGE OF THIS F	RETURN.	
	11.	TOTAL NONTAXABLE TRANSACTIONS REPORTED (Enter total deduction from line 11 on the back page)	ions 11.	.00	
	12.	TRANSACTIONS SUBJECT TO STATE TAX (subtract line 11 from line 3)	12.	.00	
	12.	(a) ENTER AMOUNT FROM TAX ADJUSTMENT 12.(a) WORKSHEET LINE 12, COLUMN B	.00		
	13.	STATE TAX 6% [multiply line 12 by .06 <b>OR</b> enter line 13(c) amount from the Tax Adjustment Worksheet]	13.	.00	<
	14.	(a) TRANSACTIONS SUBJECT TO COUNTY TAX [add amount in box and line 12 above]	61 (back) 14.(a)	.00	
		(b) <b>COUNTY</b> TAX 1/4% [multiply line 14(a) by .0025]	14.(b)	.00	<
	15.	ADJUSTMENTS FOR LOCAL TAX (see line 15 instructions)	15.	.00	
REC. NO	16.	TRANSACTIONS SUBJECT TO LOCAL TAX [add or subtract line 15 to/from line 14(a)]	16.	.00	
	17.	LOCAL TAX 1% (multiply line 16 by .01)	17.	.00	<
	18.	<b>DISTRICT</b> TAX (from Schedule A, line A11) YOU MUST COMPLETE FORM SCHEDULE A IF YOU ARE ENGAGED IN BUSINESS IN A TRANSACTIONS AND DISTRICT	BOE-531-A, USE TAX 18.	.00	<
	19.	TOTAL STATE, COUNTY, LOCAL AND DISTRICT TAX [add lines 13, 14	(b), 17, & 18] 19.	.00	
	20.	DEDUCT SALES OR USE TAX IMPOSED BY OTHER STATES AND PAID ON THE PRICE OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY. THE PURCHASE PRICE MUST B INCLUDED IN LINE 2 ABOVE.		.00	
DM	21.	NET TAX (subtract line 20 from line 19)	21.	.00	
PM	22.	LESS TAX PREPAYMENTS  1st prepayment (Tax only) \$ 2nd prepayment (Tax on \$	ly) 22.	.00	
	23.	REMAINING TAX (subtract line 22 from line 21)	23.	.00	
	24.	PENALTY of $10\%$ (.10) is due if your tax payment is made, or your return is filed, after the due date shown above. (see line 24 instructions)	PENALTY 24.	.00	
	25.	INTEREST: One month's interest is due on tax for each month or fraction of a month that payment is delayed after the due date. The adjusted monthly interest rate is	INTEREST 25.	.00	
RE	26.	TOTAL AMOUNT DUE AND PAYABLE (add lines 23, 24, and 25)	26.	\$ .00	

I hereby certify that this return, including any accompanying schedules and statements, has been examined by me and to the best of my knowledge and belief is a true, correct and complete return.

OUR SIGNATURE AND TITLE		TELEPHONE NUMBER	DATE	
OUR SIGNATURE AND THE	-	TEELITIONE NOMBER	DAIL	
		( )		$\perp$ T/
PAID PREPARER'S	PAID PREPARER'S NAME	PREPARER'S TELEPHONE NUMBER	<u>.</u>	• •
USE ONLY		( )		

STATE, LOCAL and DISTRICT SALES and USE TAX RETURN
YOUR ACCOUNT NO. | REPORTING PERIOD OCTOBER 31, 2002 FOR JULY THROUGH SEPTEMBER 2002

# **Deductions/Exemptions Schedule**

4.	SALES TO OTHER RETAILERS FOR PURPOSES OF RESALE		50	\$ .00
5.	NONTAXABLE SALES OF FOOD PRODUCTS		51	.00
6.	NONTAXABLE LABOR (repair and installation)		52	.00
7.	SALES TO THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT		53	.00
8.	SALES IN INTERSTATE OR FOREIGN COMMERCE		54	.00
9.	SALES TAX (if any) INCLUDED ON LINE 1 ON THE FRONT OF T	HEI	RETURN 55	.00
10.	(a) (1) BAD DEBT LOSSES ON TAXABLE SALES		56	.00
	(2) BAD DEBT LENDER LOSSES		62	.00
	(b) COST OF TAX-PAID PURCHASES RESOLD PRIOR TO USE		57	.00
	(c) RETURNED TAXABLE MERCHANDISE		58	.00
	(d) CASH DISCOUNTS ON TAXABLE SALES		59	.00
	TAX EXEMPTION WORKSHEET AT THE BOTTOM OF BOBEFORE YOU CLAIM ANY OF THESE DEDUCTIONS.  TOTAL PARTIAL STATE TAX EXEMPTIONS (Enter amount from Partial State Tax Exemption Worksheet at the bottom of Schedule T, Column C, box 60)  (1) AMOUNT SUBJECT TO THE MANUFACTURER'S EQUIPMENT EXEMPTION [Enter amount from Schedule T Column C, line 10(e)(1)]	60	.00	
	<ul> <li>(2) AMOUNT SUBJECT TO THE TELEPRODUCTION EQUIPMENT EXEMPTION [Enter amount from Schedule T Column C, line 10(e)(2)]</li> <li>(3) AMOUNT SUBJECT TO FARM EQUIPMENT</li> </ul>	64 65	.00	
	EXEMPTION [Enter amount from Schedule T Column C, line 10(e)(3)]		.00	
	(4) AMOUNT SUBJECT TO THE DIESEL FUEL USED IN FARMING AND FOOD PROCESSING EXEMPTION [Enter amount from Schedule T Column C, line 10(e)(4)]	66	.00	
	(5) AMOUNT SUBJECT TO THE TIMBER HARVESTING EQUIPMENT AND MACHINERY EXEMPTION [Enter amount from Schedule T Column C, line 10(e)(5)]	67	.00	
	(6) AMOUNT SUBJECT TO THE RACEHORSE BREEDING STOCK EXEMPTION [Enter amount from Schedule T Column C, line 10(e)(6)]	68	.00	
	<b>TOTAL ADJUSTED PARTIAL EXEMPTIONS</b> - (Enter the total fit Column C, box 61 on your Partial State Tax Exemption Workshed		61	.00
	(f) OTHER (clearly explain)		90	.00
11.	TOTAL NONTAXABLE TRANSACTIONS [Add lines 4 thru 10(d), box 61 and line 10(f), then enter here and the front page line 11]	<b>i</b> on	11	\$ .00

### **SCHEDULE A - COMPUTATION SCHEDULE FOR DISTRICT TAX**

DUE ON OR BEFORE	OCTOBER 31, 2002 <b>FOR</b> JULY THROUGH	SEPTEMBER 2002		
[ FOID	]	YOUR ACCOUNT NO.		

A1.	AMOUNT ON WHICH LOCAL TAX APPLIES (Enter amount from line 16 on the front of your Sales and Use Tax return)	\$ .00
A2./A3.	DEDUCT sales delivered to any location not in a district tax area 000	00
A4.	AMOUNT OF DISTRICT TRANSACTIONS (Subtract line A2/A3 from line A1) (Allocate this amount to the correct district tax areas in Column A5)	\$ .00

#### READ RETURN INSTRUCTIONS 02-1 BEFORE PREPARING THIS SCHEDULE

Please round cents to the nearest whole dollar

DISTRICT TAX AREAS		A5. ALLOCATE LINE A4 TO CORRECT DISTRICT(S)	A6./A7. ADD (+)/ DEDUCT (-) ADJUSTMENTS	A8. TAXABLE AMOUNT A5 plus/minus A6/A7	A9. TAX RATE	A10. DISTRICT TAX DUE Multiply A8 by A9
ALAMEDA Co. Bay Area Rapid Transit	020				.005	\$ .00
ALAMEDA Co. Transportation Improvement Authority (Effective 4-1-02)	079				.005	.00
ALAMEDA Co. Transportation Authority (Expires 3-31-02)	010	Discontinued			.005	.00
*CONTRA COSTA Co.	025				.01	.00
CITY OF PLACERVILLE (El Dorado Co.)	070				.0025	.00
*FRESNO Co.	072				.00625	.00
CITY OF CLOVIS (Fresno Co.) Public Safety Transactions & Use Tax	073				.003	.00
*IMPERIAL Co. Local Transportation Authority	029				.005	.00
*CITY OF CALEXICO Heffernan Hospital District	045				.005	.00
INYO Co.	014				.005	.00
CITY OF CLEARLAKE (Lake Co.)	058				.005	.00
*LOS ANGELES Co.	036				.01	.00
*CITY OF AVALON Avalon Municipal Hospital and Clinic	077				.005	.00
MADERA Co.	034				.005	.00
MARIPOSA Co.	076				.005	.00

#### Continue to back of form

A11(a)	TOTAL DISTRICT TAX (FRONT) Add Column A10.	.00
A11(b)	TOTAL DISTRICT TAX (BACK) Enter total from Column A10, Schedule A (Back).	.00
A11	TOTAL DISTRICT TAX Add lines A11(a) and A11(b). (Enter here and on line 18 on front of your Sales and Use Tax Return.)	\$ .00

<sup>\*</sup> This district tax area includes more than one transactions and use tax district. (See Instructions 02-1 for Schedule A)

ACCOUNT NUMBER

### **SCHEDULE A - COMPUTATION SCHEDULE FOR DISTRICT TAX**

#### READ RETURN INSTRUCTIONS 02-1 BEFORE PREPARING THIS SCHEDULE

OCTOBER 31, 2002 **FOR** JULY THROUGH SEPTEMBER 2002 Please round cents to the nearest whole dollar

DISTRICT TAX AREAS	A5. ALLOCATE LINE A4 TO CORRECT DISTRICT(S)	A6./A7. ADD (+)/ DEDUCT (-) ADJUSTMENTS	A8. TAXABLE AMOUNT A5 plus/minus A6/A7	A9. TAX RATE	A10. DISTRICT TAX DUE Multiply A8 by A9
NAPA Co. 065				.005	\$ .00
*NEVADA Co. Public Library Transactions & Use Tax 067				.00125	.00
•TOWN OF TRUCKEE 068 Road Maintenance Transactions & Use Tax				.005	.00
ORANGE Co. 037				.005	.00
RIVERSIDE Co. 026				.005	.00
SACRAMENTO Co. 023				.005	.00
SAN BERNARDINO Co. 031				.005	.00
SAN DIEGO Co. 013				.005	.00
*SAN FRANCISCO Co. 052				.0125	.00
SAN JOAQUIN Co. 038				.005	.00
*SAN MATEO Co. 019				.01	.00
SANTA BARBARA Co. 030				.005	.00
*SANTA CLARA Co. 064				.01	.00
*SANTA CRUZ Co. 062				.0075	.00
SOLANO Co. 066				.00125	.00
SONOMA Co. 039				.0025	.00
STANISLAUS Co. 059				.00125	.00
CITY OF WOODLAND (Yolo Co.) 075				.005	.00
A11(b) TOTAL DISTRICT TAX (BACK) Add	d Column A10. Enter	here and on front of	Schedule A, line 11	(b).	\$ .00

<sup>\*</sup> This district tax area includes more than one transactions and use tax district. (See Instructions 02-1 for Schedule A)

### SCHEDULE T - TAX ADJUSTMENT WORKSHEET

DUE ON OR BEFORE	OCTOBER 31, 2002 <b>FOR</b> JULY THROUGH	SEPTEMBER 2002		
[ FOID	1	YOUR ACCOUNT NO.		

# If you are required to complete Schedule T, attach it to your return.

	COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C
PLEASE READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE PREPARING THIS SCHEDULE	TRANSACTIONS AT 6.00% STATE TAX RATE	TRANSACTIONS AT 5.75% STATE TAX RATE	TOTAL OF COLUMNS A AND B
1. Total gross sales	.00	.00	.00
2. Purchases subject to use tax	.00	.00	.00
3. Total (add lines 1 and 2)	.00	.00	.00
4. Sales to other retailers for purpose of resale	.00	.00	.00
5. Nontaxable sales of food products	.00	.00	.00
6. Nontaxable labor	.00	.00	.00
7. Sales to the United States Government	.00	.00	.00
8. Sales in interstate or foreign commerce	.00	.00	.00
9. Sales tax (if any) included in line 1	.00	.00	.00
10. (a)(1) Bad debt losses on taxable sales	.00	.00	.00
(a)(2) Bad debt lender losses	.00	.00	.00
(b) Cost of tax-paid purchases resold prior to use	.00	.00	.00
(c) Returned taxable merchandise	.00	.00	.00
(d) Cash discounts on taxable sales	.00	.00	.00
(e) Adjusted partial state tax exemption amount (to claim this exemption you must complete the worksheet below)	.00	.00	Box 61 .00
(f) Other (clearly explain)	.00	.00	.00
11. Total nontaxable transactions [add lines 4 thru 10(f)]	.00	.00	.00
12. Transactions subject to state tax (subtract line 11 from line 3)	.00	.00	.00
STATE TAX RATE (multiply line 12 by this state tax rate)	X 0.06	X 0.0575	
<ul><li>13. STATE TAX</li><li>(a) Adjusted for transactions subject to state sales and use tax rate in effect prior to 1/1/01 and on or after 1/1/02</li></ul>	.00		
(b) Adjusted for transactions subject to state sales and use tax rate in effect 1/1/01 thru 12/31/01		.00	
(c) Add lines 13(a) and 13(b). (enter total in Column C and on line 13 on the face of the return)			.00

PARTIAL STATE TAX EXEMPTION WORKSHEET	COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C
<b>Note:</b> See instructions on the back for lines 10(e)(1) through 10(e)(6) and transfer COLUMN C totals to the corresponding exemption on the back of your return.	TRANSACTIONS AT 5.00% PARTIAL STATE TAX EXEMPTION RATE	TRANSACTIONS AT 4.75% PARTIAL STATE TAX EXEMPTION RATE	TOTAL OF COLUMNS A AND B
10.(e) (1) Manufacturing Equipment Exemption	.00	.00	.00
(2) Teleproduction Exemption	.00	.00	.00
(3) Farm Equipment Exemption (on or after 9/1/01)	.00	.00	.00
(4) Diesel Fuel Exemption For Farming & Food Processing (on or after 9/1/01)	.00	.00	.00
(5) Timber Harvesting Equipment & Machinery Exemption (on or after 9/1/01)	.00	.00	.00
(6) Racehorse Breeding Stock (on or after 9/1/01)	.00	.00	.00
TOTAL PARTIAL STATE TAX EXEMPTION Add lines 10(e)(1) through 10(e)(6). (enter the result in Column C and on the corresponding box on the back of your return)	.00	.00	Box 60 .00
Multiply the totals of Column A and Column B above by the corresponding rate and enter the results in Columns A and B below and on line 10(e) in the above Schedule T.	X 0.8333	X 0.8261	
ADJUSTED PARTIAL STATE TAX EXEMPTION AMOUNT (Add Columns A and B. Enter the result in Column C, and copy this amount to Box 61 on Schedule T above and Box 61 on the back of your return.)	.00	.00	Box 61 .00

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARING THE BOE-531-T REV. 4 (1-02) SCHEDULE T FOR BOE 401-A AND BOE 401-GS RETURNS ALSO SEE INSTRUCTIONS 02-1

Schedule T allows you to report transactions that occurred at different state tax rates. Transactions must be separated because of the .25 (1/4%) increase or decrease in the state portion of the sales and use tax rate.

Schedule T also allows taxpayers to claim credits at the proper state rate when claiming a tax recovery deduction on lines 10(a) thru 10(d). Include the Schedule T with your return and keep a copy for your records. After you have transferred information from your worksheet to the back of your return, you must complete the remaining lines of your return.

**COLUMN A:** Enter transactions reported on this return that occurred prior to 1/1/01 and on or after 1/1/02.

**COLUMN B:** Enter transactions reported on this return that occurred between 1/1/01 and 12/31/01.

**COLUMN C:** Enter the total of Column A and Column B in Column C (add: Column A + Column B = Column C).

### Note: Do not enter any amounts in the shaded areas.

Instructions for Column A: For lines 1-10, you can find an explanation of these entries in your Sales and Use Tax Return Instructions.

**Instructions for Column B:** For lines 1-10, you can find an explanation of these entries in your Sales and Use Tax Return Instructions. Be aware that line 10 entries for Column B may result in a credit amount on lines 12 and 13(b). Be sure to *transfer* the totals in line 12, Column B, to line 12(a) of your return.

**Instructions for Column C:** For lines 1-10, you can find an explanation of these entries in your Sales and Use Tax Return Instructions. Add Column A and Column B across, and put the result in Column C. Transfer the totals to the back of your return.

**Instructions for Line 12:** Subtract line 11 from line 3 for each column. Transfer the amount on line 12, Column B to line 12(a) on the front of the return.

**Instructions for Line 13:** Multiply line 12 in Columns A and B by 6.00% and 5.75%, respectively, and enter the results on lines 13(a) and 13(b). Add lines 13(a) and 13(b) and enter the result on line 13(c). Transfer this amount to line 13 on the front of your return.

For Line 10(e) deductions, complete the "PARTIAL STATE TAX EXEMPTIONS WORKSHEET."

# PARTIAL STATE TAX EXEMPTION WORKSHEET INSTRUCTIONS

**COLUMN A:** Enter transactions reported on this return that occurred prior to 1/1/01 and on or after 1/1/02.

COLUMN B: Enter transactions reported on this return that occurred between 1/1/01 and 12/31/01.

**COLUMN C:** Enter the totals of Column A and Column B in Column C (add: Column A + Column B = Column C).

**Instructions for Column A:** For lines 10(e)(1) through 10(e)(6), you can find an explanation of these entries in your Sales and Use Tax Return Instructions. For "TOTAL PARTIAL EXEMPTION," add the entries you put in Column A lines 10(e)(1) through 10(e)(6).

**Instructions for Column B:** For lines 10(e)(1) through 10(e)(6), you can find an explanation of these entries in your Sales and Use Tax Return Instructions. For "TOTAL PARTIAL EXEMPTION," add the entries you put in Column B lines 10(e)(1) through 10(e)(6).

**Instructions for Column C:** For lines 10(e)(1) through 10(e)(6), you can find an explanation of these entries in your Sales and Use Tax Return Instructions. To complete the "TOTAL PARTIAL EXEMPTION" portion of your worksheet, add lines 10(e)(1) through 10(e)(6) in Column C and put the result in Box 60. Then copy this amount to Box 60 on the back of your return.

Note: The amounts entered in Column C also need to be transferred to the back of your return.

#### **Instructions for Adjusted Partial State Tax Exemption Amounts:**

- 1. Multiply the totals in the Total Partial State Tax Exemption line for Columns A and B by the corresponding rate and enter the result in Column A and B below.
- 2. Copy this amount on line 10(e), Columns A and B, of Schedule T.
- 3. Add Columns A and B of the Adjusted Partial State Tax Exemption amount and enter the result in Column C. Copy this amount to Box 61 on the Schedule T above, and in Box 61 on the back of your return.



#### **BOARD MEMBERS**

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Published by the California State Board of Equalization PO Box 942879 Sacramento, CA 94279-0001 www.boe.ca.gov

# State, Local, and District Sales and Use Tax Return

### **Return and Schedule A Instructions 02-1**

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### **General Information**

These instructions are provided to help you complete your California sales and use tax return. If you need help, please call the toll-free Information Center at 1-800-400-7115. Our customer service representatives can help you with general tax questions. They are available from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Pacific time, Monday-Friday, excluding holidays. For TDD (telephone device for the deaf) assistance, please call 1-800-735-2929 (TDD phone) or 1-800-735-2922 (voice phone).

Due to changes that have occurred in the state portion of the sales and use tax rate (for example, the one-quarter percent decrease that occurred on January 1, 2001), you may be required to complete a *Tax Adjustment Worksheet* (form BOE-531-T). You must use this worksheet to correctly calculate your tax liability if you had transactions or tax recovery deductions on lines 10(a) through 10(e) that occurred before or after changes in the state tax rate.

# **New E-Filing Option**

If you are a single-outlet retailer and file a BOE-401-A return, you may be eligible to make your payments and file your returns online. For more information, go to www.boe.ca.gov and click on "Electronic Services" at the bottom of the page.

# **Filing Your Return**

The BOE-401-A and BOE-401-GS returns are used to report taxes due under the California Sales and Use Tax Law, the Uniform Local Sales and Use Tax Law, and the Transactions (Sales) and Use Tax Law, which are administered by the State Board of Equalization.

You must file a return even if you do not owe taxes for the reporting period. If you are unable to file your return on time, you may qualify for an extension. To request an extension, you will need to complete form BOE-468, *Request for Extension of Time to File*. You may call 1-800-400-7115 to request a copy of the form. You can also download a copy from our website at www.boe.ca.gov, under "Forms and Publications." If you do not file a return, we may bill you for an estimated tax amount.

#### When completing your return, please remember . . .

- · You should round off to the nearest whole dollar.
- You may be required to complete and return Schedule T (see instructions for form BOE-531-T).
- You must complete Schedule A, Computation Schedule for District Tax (see pages 6-8).
- You must sign and mail in your return. (If you are e-filing, you do not file a paper return. See above.)
- Be sure to make a copy for your records.
- If a paid preparer completed your return, enter the preparer's name and telephone number in the space provided on the return.

# **Payment Methods**

If you are registered with the Board to pay taxes by electronic funds transfer (EFT), you must continue to use that method. Otherwise, you may pay as follows:

- Check or money order. Make your check payable to the Board of Equalization and write your account number on the check or money order. Be sure to enclose your payment with the return.
- Credit card. You can charge your tax return payment if you have a Discover/Novus, MasterCard, or American Express credit card. Other cards cannot be accepted. To make a credit card payment, call 1-800-2PAY-TAX (1-800-272-9829) or visit our website at www.boe.ca.gov (click on "Electronic Services"). The credit card processing vendor will charge a convenience fee of 2.5 percent of the amount charged. This convenience fee is not revenue to the Board. After making your credit card payment, you must still file your tax return. Be sure to check the box on your return indicating you have paid by credit card. This will ensure that your return is matched to your credit card payment.

Note: You cannot use a credit card to pay a tax liability for which you have been billed by the Board.

1

# Lines 1 thru 3

Sales • Purchases Subject to Use Tax

# Line 1. Total Sales (gross receipts)

Enter your total taxable and nontaxable sales for the reporting period, including lease and rental receipts.

Report all sales (in any manner) related to California business. You will deduct nontaxable transactions on lines 4 through 10(f).

#### Notes:

- Include all charges related to your sales, such as labor, service, and shipping and handling charges.
- If you sold any business assets, such as fixtures and equipment, during the reporting period, you must report the sale. If you are filing a final return and reporting the sale of business assets, please call for assistance.
- Your "total sales" may include amounts for California sales or use taxes. If this is the case, be sure to deduct those tax amounts on line 9. If you do not, you will overpay tax.

# Line 2. Purchases Subject to Use Tax

Enter your total *purchases* that are subject to use tax, as explained below.

Your purchases of merchandise, equipment, and other tangible personal property are subject to use tax and must be reported if you

- Purchased the property from an out-ofstate retailer who did not collect California use tax, or
- Purchased the property with a resale certificate or other exemption certificate

#### AND

 Used the property in California for a purpose other than (1) resale or (2) demonstration, retention, or display while holding it for sale in the regular course of business.

You must also report your purchase of a vessel or aircraft if you (1) purchased it from an unlicensed retailer who did not charge tax on the transaction and (2) used the property for a purpose other than resale as described above.

Enter the amount you paid for the property.

#### Notes:

 If you paid another state's sales or use tax on your purchase, do not include the tax payment as part of your purchase price. You may be eligible for a credit for the other state's tax (see line 20).

- If you are reporting property purchased with a resale certificate, report the purchase price on the tax return for the reporting period during which you first used the property in California.
- If you are reporting property purchased from an out-of-state retailer who did not charge you for California tax, report the purchase price on the tax return for the reporting period during which you first used the property in California.

#### Line 3.

Add lines 1 and 2. Enter the result on line 3.

# Lines 4 thru 10(f)

Exemptions/Deductions

The following transactions are not subject to tax and will be subtracted from the total on line 3. First you must complete the exemptions on the back of your return.

You cannot claim a deduction for a transaction unless it has been reported on line 1 or 2 of this return or a previous return. If you did not report the original sale, you cannot claim a deduction related to that sale, unless you are a "lender" registered with the Board.

You must maintain records that support all claimed deductions.

# Line 4. Sales to Other Retailers for Purposes of Resale

Enter your total sales to other sellers who submitted resale certificates to you for their purchases.

In general, you can accept resale certificates from other sellers who are buying property to resell in the regular course of business. If you obtain a timely and valid resale certificate, taken in good faith, tax will not apply to your sale.

To be valid, resale certificates must contain specific information. For more information, see Regulation 1668, *Resale Certificates*.

You can verify the validity of seller's permits by calling the Board's Seller's Permit Verification service at 1-888-225-5263 or by visiting our website, www.boe.ca.gov.

# Line 5. Nontaxable Sales of Food Products

Enter your *nontaxable* sales of food products sold for human consumption.

Whether food product sales are taxable depends on many conditions, including who makes the sale, where the sale occurs, who the customer is, and what is sold. For example, the following sales are generally taxable and should not be deducted:

- Sales of alcoholic and carbonated beverages
- Sales of hot prepared food products
- Sales of meals or food sold for consumption at your place of business or sold for consumption in a place where admission is charged.

For more information on food sales, request a copy of Regulation 1602, Food Products, or Regulation 1603, Taxable Sales of Food Products. Vending machine operators should order Regulation 1574, Vending Machine Operators.

#### Line 6. Nontaxable Labor

Enter labor charges for *installing* premanufactured property or for *repairing* or *reconditioning* property to restore it to its original use.

Note: Labor charges for making or fabricating a new product (such as labor charges for making a ring or furniture), or for assembling a product, are generally taxable and should not be deducted. Tax applies even if your customer provides the property that you fabricate.

(Regulation 1546, *Installing, Repairing, Reconditioning in General*)

# Line 7. Sales to the United States Government

Enter sales made to:

- The United States government or its unincorporated agencies and instrumentalities, such as the following federal departments: Treasury, Interior, Agriculture, or Defense
- Any incorporated agency or instrumentality of the United States wholly owned by either the United States, or by a corporation wholly owned by the United States
- The American Red Cross, its chapters and branches
- Federal reserve banks, federal credit unions, federal land banks, and federal home loan banks.

*Note*: Sales made to the State of California or to cities and counties and local governments in the state are generally taxable and

should not be deducted. They are treated like any other sale.

(Regulation 1614, Sales to the United States and Its Instrumentalities)

# Line 8. Sales in Interstate or Foreign Commerce

Enter sales that are exempt from tax as interstate or foreign commerce (sales involving shipments or deliveries from California to points outside this state).

For a sale to be exempt, the sales agreement or contract must require the property to be shipped to an out-of-state point, and you must either

- Use your company vehicle (or other conveyance operated by your business) to ship the property to that location, or
- Deliver the property to a carrier, customs broker, or forwarding agent for shipment outside this state.

(Regulation 1620, *Interstate and Foreign Commerce*)

#### Line 9. Sales Tax

Enter an amount on this line only if the amount you reported on line 1 includes California sales or use taxes. Enter only the tax amounts that are included on line 1.

(Regulation 1700, *Reimbursement for Sales Tax*)

# Line 10(a)(1). Bad Debt Losses – On Taxable Sales

Enter bad debt losses, as described below.

If you have reported a taxable sale and have been unable to collect payment for the sale, you may take a deduction for the bad debt.

Bad debts may take the form of

- Checks that have been returned to you unpaid by the purchaser's bank and which you have determined to be uncollectible, or
- Amounts from charge or credit sales that you have determined to be uncollectible.

The bad debts must be charged off for income tax purposes, or, if you are not required to file income tax returns, the bad debts must be charged off in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Enter only the amount of the sale *before* tax. For example, if you sold merchandise for \$15 plus sales tax and were unable to collect any amount for the sale, you would claim \$15 as a deduction.

If you claim a bad debt deduction and later recover payment, you must report the pay-

ment on the tax return filed for the period in which the recovery payment was made.

You must adjust the amount you report for transactions that occurred during a period when the state or county tax rates were different than the current rates. Call for assistance.

(Regulation 1642, Bad Debts)

# Line 10(a)(2). Bad Debt Losses – Lenders

If you are registered with the Board of Equalization as a Lender, you may be entitled to deduct certain bad debt losses on the lender portion of your business. There are a number of requirements to qualify for this deduction. For detailed information, please review Regulation 1642, *Bad Debts*.

### Line 10(b). Cost of Tax-Paid Purchases Resold Prior to Use

You may claim a deduction on this line if you

- Paid California sales or use tax when purchasing goods or merchandise, and
- Sold the property without first using it (other than retaining, demonstrating, or displaying it while holding it for sale in the regular course of business).

Enter only the amount of the purchase price before tax. For example, if the property was sold to you for \$15 plus tax, you would claim only \$15 as a deduction.

You must take this deduction in the reporting period during which you made the sale (otherwise, you must file a claim for refund of the tax).

You must adjust the amount you report for purchases that occurred during a period when the state or county tax rates were different than the current rates. Call for assistance

(Regulation 1701, *Tax-Paid Purchases Resold*)

# Line 10(c). Returned Taxable Merchandise

Enter amounts you credited or refunded to customers for returned taxable merchandise, as described below.

You can take this deduction only if

- You returned or credited to your customer the full sales price, including sales tax charges, and
- The customer, in order to obtain the refund or credit, is not required to purchase other property at a price greater than the

amount charged for the property returned.

Claim only the amount of the sale *before* tax. For example, if the returned merchandise had been sold for \$15 plus sales tax, you would claim only \$15 as a deduction.

You must adjust the amount you report for transactions that occurred during a period when the state or county tax rates were different than the current rates. Call for assistance.

(Regulation 1655, *Returns, Defects and Replacements*)

# Line 10(d). Cash Discounts on Taxable Sales

If you gave a cash discount to a customer on a taxable sale, enter the amount of the discount here.

You can claim a deduction on this line only if you reported the full (undiscounted) selling price on line 1. Do not use this line if you reported the discounted selling price on line 1 of this return or a previous return. In addition, you must ensure that you do not collect from your customer more tax than the amount due on the discounted price. If you collect more than the amount due on the discounted price, you cannot claim this deduction.

You must adjust your total for this line if any of the transactions occurred during a period when the state or county tax rates were different than the current rates. Call for assistance.

(Regulation 1671, *Trading Stamps and Related Promotional Plans*; Regulation 1700, *Reimbursement for Sales Tax*)

# Line 10(e). Partial Tax Exemptions

The following transactions are exempt from the state portion of the total sales and use tax rate. They remain subject to 2.25 percent of the total sales and use tax rate, representing local, city, and county taxes. They are also subject to any applicable district taxes.

To claim a deduction for any of the following items, you must complete the bottom portion of the enclosed form BOE-531-T.

Line 10(e)(1). Manufacturer's Equipment Enter the "Manufacturing Equipment Exemption" amount from Schedule T, *Partial State Tax Exemption Worksheet*, Column C.

You may claim this deduction if

 You made a sale to a purchaser who used a manufacturer's exemption certificate to make his or her purchase, as described below, or

· You are an exempt manufacturer who made a purchase subject to use tax, as described below.

In general, businesses that qualify for the manufacturer's exemption are those who first conducted business in California on or after January 1, 1994. The business must be involved in manufacturing, processing, refining, fabricating, recycling, or research and development. Furthermore, the business must apply to the state for its exempt status and receive approval for the exemption. Specific definitions of qualified persons and of property qualifying as exempt, and rules regarding required exemption certificates, are available from any Board office.

Sales made to exempt manufacturers. Sales of qualified property are exempt when they are purchased with a valid manufacturer's certificate.

#### Notes:

- If your total sales or lease payments exceed \$25,000 to any single qualified manufacturer, you must attach a copy of the exemption certificate submitted to you by that individual and, if applicable, a copy of the lease contract.
- The sale for which you are claiming an exemption must have been reported on line 1 of your return.

A Qualified purchaser must provide the retailer with a Section 6377 Manufacturer's Exemption Certificate; otherwise, the exemption will not be allowed. The exemption certificate must be submitted to the retailer no later than 60 days after the date of purchase.

Qualified purchases made by an exempt manufacturer. If you purchased qualified property and your purchase is subject to use tax (reported on line 2 of your return), the purchase is exempt from a portion of the state use tax (it is not exempt from city, county, or district use taxes).

(Regulation 1525.2, Manufacturing Equipment)

#### Line 10(e)(2). Teleproduction Exemption

Enter the "Teleproduction Exemption" amount from Schedule T, Partial State Tax Exemption Worksheet, Column C.

Complete this line to claim an exemption for sales or purchases made by qualified persons of tangible personal property used

- In teleproduction or other postproduction services for film or video that include editing, film and video transfers, transcoding, dubbing, subtitling, credits, close captioning, audio production, special effects (visual or sound), graphics, or animation, or
- With respect to property with a useful life of at least one year, to maintain, repair, measure, or test property used primarily in teleproduction or other postproduction services.

A qualified person is a business that is primarily engaged in providing the specialized motion picture or video postproduction services described above.

A qualified purchaser must provide the retailer with a Section 6378 Exemption Certificate; otherwise, the exemption will not be allowed.

This exemption does not apply to the sale or use of any tangible personal property that is used primarily in administration, general management, or marketing (used 50 percent or more of the time in one or more of those activities).

(Regulation 1532, Teleproduction or Other Postproduction Service Equipment)

#### Line 10(e)(3). Farm Equipment Effective September 1, 2001

Enter the "Farm Equipment Exemption" amount from Schedule T, Partial State Tax Exemption Worksheet, Column C.

Complete this line to claim an exemption for the sale, storage, use or other consumption of qualified farm equipment, machinery and their parts, as described below. It also applies to qualified lease payments for farm equipment and machinery paid on or after September 1, 2001.

Who can claim an exemption?

You can claim this exemption if you are engaged in the business of producing and harvesting agricultural products as identified in Standard Industrial Codes 0111 to 0291 (1987 Edition), or you assist such persons.

What type of equipment is eligible?

The exemption applies to

#### Exemption Certificate Requirements — Lines 10(e)(3) Through 10(e)(6)

Retailers who wish to claim a partial exemption must timely obtain a valid exemption certificate as described in Regulation 1667. The Board has designed a specific certificate for this purpose, entitled "Certificate of Partial Exemption." The certificate is available on our website, www.boe.ca.gov. or call our Information Center for a copy. Retailers must retain the completed certificate for a period of not less than four years.

- "Implements of husbandry," as defined in Revenue and Taxation Code section 411. Such property generally includes any tool, machinery, equipment, appliance, device or apparatus. The farm equipment, machinery, and parts must be used primarily in producing and harvesting agricultural products. "Primarily" means 50 percent or more of the time.
- Property as defined in Vehicle Code sections 36000, 36005, and 36015. Generally, these are vehicles used exclusively for agricultural operations. Such vehicles include lift carriers, tip-bed type trailers, trailers/semi-trailers having no bed, spray or fertilizer applicator rigs, nurse rigs or equipment auxiliaries, row dusters, trap wagons, fertilizer nurse tanks or trailers, cotton trailers, truck tractors and truck tractor/semi-trailer combinations. Vehicles primarily designed for the transportation of persons or property on a highway are generally not considered implements of husbandry and, therefore, do not qualify for this partial exemption.

### Line 10(e)(4). Diesel Fuel Used in Farming and Food Processing

Effective September 1, 2001

Enter the "Diesel Fuel Exemption for Farming & Food Processing" amount from Schedule T, Partial State Tax Exemption Worksheet, Column C.

Complete this line to claim a partial tax exemption for the sale, storage, use, or other consumption of diesel fuel used in farming activities or food processing.

The diesel fuel must be consumed during the activities of a farming business as set forth in Internal Revenue Code (IRC) 263A or food processing. Qualifying diesel fuel may be used in either a motor vehicle or other equipment, such as generators.

A farming business is a business that grows crops, fruit- or nut-bearing trees, sod, or nursery plants. Farming business activities include transporting these crops, fruit or nut bearing trees, sod, or nursery plants to the marketplace.

### Line 10(e)(5). Timber Harvesting **Equipment and Machinery**

Effective September 1, 2001

Enter the "Timber Harvesting Equipment & Machinery Exemption" amount from Schedule T, Partial State Tax Exemption Worksheet. Column C.

Complete this line to claim a partial exemption of the sales and use tax for the sale, use, or other consumption of equipment, machinery, and their parts, which are designed primarily (more than 50 percent of the use for which they are designed) for off-road use in commercial timber harvesting. Such equipment qualifies for the exemption only if it is then actually used by a qualified person primarily (more than 50 percent of its actual use) in timber harvesting. A qualified person is a person who is engaged in commercial timber harvesting. Commercial timber harvesting involves the cutting or removal, or both, of timber and other solid wood forest products from timberlands for commercial purposes. The partial exemption also applies to a qualified person's lease payments for qualified commercial timber harvesting equipment and machinery paid on or after September 1,

Timber is considered to be trees of any species, excluding nursery stock, harvested for forest products. These products include firewood, Christmas trees, poles and pilings, biomass, and so forth.

Typical equipment and their general use, that may be eligible for this partial exemption are

- Tractors (with tracks) or rubber tired skidders - move the logs from the woods to the logging trucks
- Front end loaders actually load the logs onto the trucks
- Feller-bunchers cut very small trees basically with a shear
- Yarders harvest trees on very steep slopes by suspending the logs on a cable
- Chippers chip small logs and brush into very small pieces
- Chainsaws used to cut down trees.

# Line 10(e)(6). Racehorse Breeding Stock

Effective September 1, 2001

Enter the "Racehorse Breeding Stock" amount from Schedule T, *Partial State Tax Exemption Worksheet*, Column C.

Complete this line to claim a partial exemption of the sales and use tax for the sale, storage, use, or other consumption of "racehorse breeding stock."

"Racehorse breeding stock" means racehorses capable of and purchased solely for the purpose of breeding.

# Line 10(f). Other Deductions

You may be entitled to claim other deductions in addition to those allowed on lines 4 through 10(e). Enter the amount for those deductions here. Each deduction must be clearly explained.

Examples of transactions that may be deductible include the following:

- Sales by pharmacists of prescription medicines for use by humans. (Regulation 1591, Medicines and Medical Supplies, Devices and Appliances)
- Transportation charges for delivering goods to a purchaser by an independent carrier (the transportation charges must be separately stated on the invoice). If you charge more for delivery than your actual costs, the added amount is subject to tax and cannot be deducted. (Regulation 1628, Transportation Charges)
- Sales of animals, seeds, annual plants and fertilizer, used as, or used to produce, food for human consumption. (Regulations 1587, Animal Life and Feed, and 1588, Seeds, Plants and Fertilizers)

For more information, request a copy of Pamphlet 61, *Sales and Use Taxes: Exemptions and Exclusions*.

# Line 11. Total Nontaxable Transactions

Add lines 4 through 10(d), box 61, and line 10(f) on the back of the return. Enter the result on line 11 on the back of your return. Enter that result on line 11 on the front of your return.

# Line 12. Transactions Subject to State Tax

Subtract line 11 from line 3. Enter the result on line 12.

# Line 12(a). Transactions Subject to the Sales Tax Rate Change

If you had transactions and/or tax recovery deductions that occurred during any changes to the state tax rate, you must complete Schedule T (form BOE-531-T). This form is included with your return. Detailed instructions to complete the worksheet are included on the back of the form.

#### Line 13. State Tax

If you are required to complete Schedule T, *Tax Adjustment Worksheet* (form BOE-531-T), enter the amount from line 13(c) of the worksheet.

If you are not required to complete Schedule T, *Tax Adjustment Worksheet* (form BOE-531-T), multiply line 12 by the state tax rate that is printed on line 13 and enter the result on line 13.

# Line 14(a). Transactions Subject to County Tax

Add the amount in box 61 to line 12. Enter the result on line 14(a).

### Line 14(b). County Tax 1/4%

Multiply line 14(a) by 0.0025. Enter the result on line 14(b).

# Line 15. Adjustments for Local Tax

Complete this line if you sold or purchased property for use by an aircraft common carrier, as described below. If you make an entry on this line, you may also need to include a schedule that shows where the property was sold or used.

Sales of property to (and purchases made by) aircraft operators are exempt from district tax and partially exempt from local and county tax if

- The aircraft is operated by a common carrier according to the laws of California, the United States, or a foreign government, and
- The property is used or consumed directly and exclusively in the use of the aircraft as a common carrier of persons or property, and
- The property is used or consumed principally outside the county in which the sale was made.

*Note:* The exemption does not apply to the sale or purchase of fuel and petroleum products.

If you made a sale or purchase that meets the conditions described above, you may claim the applicable exemption by completing line 15 as described below.

#### Adjustment for taxable sales

The sale of supplies and equipment, other than fuel and petroleum products, purchased and used as described above, is exempt from the 1% local tax.

To calculate this adjustment:

- Be sure the sales price has been included on line 1.
- Enter the sales price on line 15. This amount will be subtracted from the total on line 14(a).

If you are a multiple outlet seller, please attach a schedule showing the sales price by the place of sale. You can attach your own listing, or you can request a copy of form BOE-531-X: Schedule X, Detailed Allocation by County of Sales Exempt from Local Tax.

#### Adjustment for purchases

If you paid state, county, and local tax when purchasing property used for an exempt purpose, as described above, your purchase is exempt from the one percent local tax.

Enter the purchase price of the property on line 15.

Please attach a schedule showing the purchase price by county of use. You can attach your own listing, or you can request a copy of form BOE-531-X: Schedule X, Detailed Allocation by County of Sales Exempt from Local Tax.

(Regulation 1805, Aircraft Common Carriers)

# Line 16. Transactions **Subject to Local Tax**

Add or subtract line 15 to or from line 14(a). Enter the result on line 16.

#### Line 17. Local Tax 1%

Multiply line 16 by 0.01. Enter the result on line 17.

### Line 18. District Sales and **Use Tax**

You must complete Form BOE-531-A, Schedule A, Computation Schedule for District Tax. See pages 7 and 8 for more information

# Line 19. Total State, County, **Local and District Tax**

Add lines 13, 14(b), 17, and 18. Enter the result on line 19.

# **Line 20. Property Purchased** Out of State for Use in California (credit for another state's tax charges)

Enter the amount of tax paid on this line if

- The property was purchased out of state and brought into California for use, consumption, or storage in this state, and not for resale in the regular course of business, and
- You paid another state's sales or use tax on your purchase of the property, and
- You are not entitled to a tax refund from the other state, and
- · Your liability for tax in the other state occurred prior to your use, storage, or consumption of the property in California, and
- You have reported the purchase price on line 2, "Purchases Subject to Use Tax."

#### Notes:

- The amount of your tax credit cannot exceed the total of the applicable California state, county, local and district taxes in effect at the time of the use. For example, if you paid 8% sales tax charged by another state and used the property in California in an area where the total state, county, local, and district tax rate was 7.75%, you could not claim more than a 7.75% credit.
- If you are required to complete either Schedule B or C, attach a separate schedule fully explaining the credit taken on line 20, the location where the property was used, its purchase price, and the amount of tax paid in other states.
- · You may be required to present documentation to substantiate the credit taken against California tax (such as a purchase invoice or similar document showing the name and address of the seller, date of purchase, purchase price, and amount of sales or use tax paid).

Please contact the Information Center if you are uncertain as to the correct amount of credit to claim.

Note-Fuel sellers: Please complete the Schedule G, Fuel Seller's Supplement to Return, included with your sales and use tax return (B0E-401-GS). The amount entered on line G-5 of the schedule should also be entered on line 20 of the return.

#### Line 21. Net Tax

Subtract line 20 from line 19. Enter the result on line 21.

### Line 22. Tax Prepayments

Complete this line only if you are required to make tax prepayments. (Businesses with average monthly taxable transactions of \$17,000 or more must make prepayments, once notified by the Board.)

Enter the prepayment amounts in the proper spaces. This credit is limited to the amounts of tax prepaid and should not include penalties or interest charges reported with your prepayments.

Note: If you sell fuel and pay sales tax to your fuel supplier, do not use this line to claim a credit for those tax payments. Credit can be claimed on Schedule G, Fuel Seller's Supplement to Return.

# Line 23. Remaining Tax

Subtract line 22 from line 21. Enter the result on line 23.

# Line 24. Penalty

If your tax payment is made, or your tax return is filed, after the due date shown at the top of the return, you must pay a 10% penalty. Multiply line 23 by 0.10 and enter the result on line 24.

Returns and payments must be postmarked or received by the due date of the return to be considered timely. If the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or state holiday, returns postmarked or received by the next business day will be considered timelv.

Businesses required to pay sales and use taxes by electronic funds transfer (EFT) may also be subject to a 10% penalty for failure to pay by EFT (payment made by check, for example). However, a 10% maximum penalty applies to returns and return payments after January 1, 1997.

### Line 25. Interest

If your payment is late (see line 24 instructions for an explanation of due dates), you must pay interest charges in addition to penalty charges.

You owe one month's interest for each month or portion of a month the payment is overdue. For example, if your payment is one month and two weeks overdue, you owe two months' interest.

Using the interest rate printed on line 25 of your return, multiply the rate times the total tax owed. Enter the result on line 25.

Reminder. If you owe two or more months' interest, as described above, you must multiply the amount due by the number of months overdue.

# Line 26. Total Amount Due and Payable

Add lines 23, 24, and 25. Enter the result on line 26.

See page 1 for acceptable payment methods.

# Form BOE-531-A Schedule A Computation Schedule for District Tax

Complete Schedule A and transfer the amount calculated on line A11 to line 18 on the front of the return. Instructions for Schedule A are provided on the next page.

#### What is Schedule A?

Schedule A, Computation Schedule for District Tax, is used to determine the amount of tax, if any, that should be distributed to entities imposing district tax.

#### What are district taxes?

District taxes are voter-approved taxes levied under the Transactions and Use Tax Law. Most, but not all, apply countywide (for example, the Bay Area Rapid Transit District encompasses three counties). Many district taxes are imposed by entities specially formed to levy the tax and administer the proceeds (for example again, the Bay Area Rapid Transit District), but some are levied directly by counties (for example, the Santa Clara County General Fund District), and an increasing number are levied by cities (for example, Town of Truckee Road Maintenance Transactions and Use Tax).

#### Who must pay district taxes?

In general, you must report and pay district transactions (sales) and use taxes if you

- · Are a retailer located in the district and your merchandise is sold and delivered within the district
- Are a retailer located outside the district who is *engaged in business* in the district and you sell merchandise for use in the district. You are considered to be engaged in business in the district if you (1) have any type of business location there, (2) deliver into the district using your own vehicles, or (3) have an agent or representative in the district who makes sales, takes orders, or makes deliveries
- Are a dealer of vehicles, vessels, or aircraft, and you sell those items to persons who will register them in the district
- · Collect tax on lease payments you receive for leased property used by the lessee in the district
- Purchase goods and merchandise without payment of the district tax and use the property in the district for a purpose other than for (1) resale or (2) demonstration, retention, or display while holding it for resale in the regular course of business.

#### Where can I get more information?

For information on how to apply district taxes, request a copy of Pamphlet 44, *Tax Tips for District Taxes*. For information on district rates by city and county, request a copy of Pamphlet 71, *California City and County Sales and Use Tax Rates*.

### **Other Schedules**

If you have received other schedules to complete with your return, please refer to those schedules for instructions.

# Form BOE-345 Claim for Refund or Credit

(mailed with returns)

If you are submitting a claim for a tax refund or credit with your return, you must:

- Let us know how the tax overpayment occurred. Write your explanation at the bottom of the claim form (attach additional sheets if necessary).
- Include adequate documentation to prove your claim. If you do not, your claim could be delayed. You may be asked to provide additional information.

Do not take a credit against the taxes that are due on your current return. Wait until you have heard from us. If you claim a refund or credit prior to Board approval, you will be billed for unapproved refund or credit amounts, plus interest and penalties.

#### Please note:

You have three years to file a claim for refund or credit (starting from the date when the taxes were originally due). Your claim must be received by the Board within that time. See Revenue and Taxation Code section 6902 for additional information regarding the statute of limitations.

If you have filed a claim and wish to check on the status of your application, please call the Refund Section at 916-445-1315.

# Instructions for Completing Form BOE-531-A, Schedule A

#### Step 1. Calculate which sales, if any, are subject to district tax.

A1. Enter the total from line 16 (see front of the return).

A2/A3. Enter the following sales, which are not subject to district tax (these will be subtracted from the total on line A1):

- · Sales of property delivered to customers at a location where there is no district tax in effect, for use in that location (for example, property delivered to Kern County, which has no special tax districts).
- · Sales of property (other than vehicles, aircraft, and vessels) delivered to customers at a district where you are not engaged in business, for use in that district. See page 6, "Who must pay district taxes?" for an explanation of engaged in business.

A4. Subtract A2/A3 from A1. Enter the result on A4.

If none of your sales are subject to district tax and you have no adjustments for prior periods, enter \$0.00 on lines A4 and A11. You do not need to complete lines A5 through A10.

#### Step 2. Enter your sales for the appropriate district(s).

A5. Using the total from line A4, list your transactions by the correct districts.

Example. If your total on line A4 showed \$3,000 and all transactions were subject to district tax in Los Angeles County, you would enter \$3,000 next to "LOS ANGE-LES Co." in column A5. If the \$3,000 total on line A4 represented \$2,000 in sales for Los Angeles County and \$1,000 in sales for Orange County, you would enter the \$2,000 and \$1,000 next to the appropriate counties.

Special reporting requirements for cities imposing a district tax:

If a city imposing a district tax is located in a county that imposes a district tax, transactions that are subject to the city district tax are also subject to the county district tax. In such instances, you must report the full dollar amount of the transaction(s) for both the city district and the county district. For example, transactions subject to the city of Calexico Heffernan Hospital District tax are also subject to the Imperial County Local Transportation Authority district tax and must be reported for both districts.

#### Step 3. Adjustments

A6/A7. Entries on this line will increase or decrease the amount of tax distributed to a district. Make entries only for those districts that require an adjustment. There does not need to be an entry in column A5 in order to make an adjustment in column A6/A7.

Please attach to your return an explanation of adjustments.

Add and subtract the following adjustments. by district, and enter the result in column A6/A7, for the appropriate district. The result may be either a plus (+) or minus (-) amount.

#### Add the following:

- · Claimed deductions that were taxed at a lower rate than the current rate. If you claimed a deduction on the front of your return for bad debts, tax-paid purchases resold, returned merchandise, or cash discounts and if those transactions were originally taxed at a lower rate than the current rate, add the total for those transactions (by district).
- · Items you purchased without paying district tax. If you purchased goods on which you paid state and local tax but did not pay district tax to the vendor, and if you made a taxable use of the property in a tax district, add the price of the goods for that district.
- Amounts collected for a discontinued district. If you collected taxes for a district that has been discontinued and have not paid those taxes to the Board, add the amounts on which those taxes were collected. Do not enter those amounts on line A5. If a discontinued district is not listed, call for assistance.

#### Deduct the following:

- Transactions included in line A5 that represent the sale or use of property occurring prior to the effective date of a district.
- Fixed-price contracts. Deduct the sales price or lease payments (excluding amounts collected as tax) for qualifying fixed-price contracts. A fixed-price contract is one entered into prior to the effective date of the district tax, which (1) fixes the amount of the sales or lease price and (2) specifically states the amount or rate of tax based on the rate in effect when the contract was executed.

Neither party to the contract may have the right to terminate the contract upon notice. (See Regulation 1661 for information on leases of mobile transportation equipment.)

- Property used outside the district. If you paid district tax on a purchase and first used the property in a different district, you may need to enter adjustments on A6/A7. Call for assistance.
- · Discontinued districts. Deduct that portion of the nontaxable transactions on the front of the return for bad debts, tax-paid purchases resold, returned merchandise, or cash discounts that originally included a district tax that has been discontinued.
- Enter the Bad Debt Lender losses claimed on line 10(a)(2), located on the back of your BOE-401-A or BOE-401-GS return. The amount must be distributed to the district where the original tax was paid.

A8. Add or subtract the amount shown in A6/A7 from the amount on A5. Enter the result on A8.

A9. No entries required. The preprinted figures are the district tax rates.

A10. Multiply A8 by A9. Enter the result on A10. Certain adjustments in A6/A7, may cause the computed amount to be negative.

#### Step 4. Enter your total district tax.

A11. Add all A10 entries and enter the total on A11. Carry to line 18 on the front of the return.

